

Exercice 86

a. $\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{3} = \frac{3\pi}{12} + \frac{4\pi}{12} = \frac{7\pi}{12}$.

b. $\cos \frac{7\pi}{12} = \cos \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{3} \right) = \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \cos \frac{\pi}{3} - \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \sin \frac{\pi}{3}$

$\cos \frac{7\pi}{12} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}$.

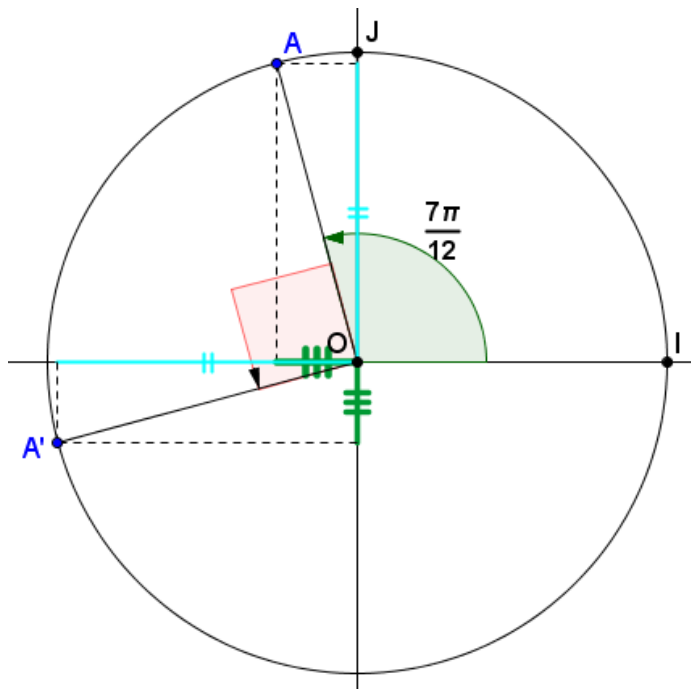
$\sin \frac{7\pi}{12} = \sin \left(\frac{\pi}{4} + \frac{\pi}{3} \right) = \sin \frac{\pi}{4} \cos \frac{\pi}{3} + \cos \frac{\pi}{4} \sin \frac{\pi}{3}$

$\sin \frac{7\pi}{12} = \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{1}{2} + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \times \frac{\sqrt{3}}{2} = \frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}$.

c. $\frac{13\pi}{12} = \frac{7\pi}{12} + \frac{6\pi}{12} = \frac{7\pi}{12} + \frac{\pi}{2}$.

$\cos \frac{13\pi}{12} = \cos \left(\frac{7\pi}{12} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) = -\sin \frac{7\pi}{12} = -\frac{\sqrt{2} + \sqrt{6}}{4}$

$\sin \frac{13\pi}{12} = \sin \left(\frac{7\pi}{12} + \frac{\pi}{2} \right) = \cos \frac{7\pi}{12} = \frac{\sqrt{2} - \sqrt{6}}{4}$



Méthode

On utilise les formules d'addition ainsi que les valeurs remarquables du cosinus et du sinus.

Méthode

On utilise les formules des angles associés.

Conseil

On peut retrouver rapidement ces formules sur un cercle trigonométrique comme ci-contre.